### MOST HOLY REDEEMER Parish

The Epiphany of the Lord January 7, 2024

Worship Hours Monday - Friday Daily Mass: 8:00am Saturday Vigil Mass: 5:00pm Sunday Masses: 8:00am, 10:00am & 6:30pm Holy Days: 8:00am and 7:00pm <u>Reconciliation</u> Saturday: 3:45pm to 4:30pm <u>Baptism & Marriages</u> Please call the parish office for an appointment. For marriages please call the parish office six months in advance.

Our Mission at Most Holy Redeemer Catholic Church Most Holy Redeemer Parish is a Roman Catholic Christian Community. The parish draws people from isolation to community, from searching to awakening, from indifference to concern, from selfishness to meaningful service, from fear in the midst of adversity to faith and hope in God.

The community of Most Holy Redeemer shares God's compassionate love with all people. The parish offers a spiritual home for senior citizens and youth; single people and families; those who are straight, gay, lesbian, and transgender; the healthy and the sick, particularly persons with HIV.

As a parish community, we celebrate God's loving presence in our lives. In worship and sacrament, especially the Eucharist, we are nurtured and challenged to extend God's kingdom of justice, truth, love and peace by growing in the spirit of Jesus, the Most Holy Redeemer.

#### God's Inclusive Love Proclaimed Here!



#### Most Holy Redeemer

#### CATHOLIC CHURCH 100 Diamond Street San Francisco, California

Phone (415) 863-6259 www.mhr.org

#### **Pastor**

Fr. Matt Link, C.PP.S. frmatt@mhr.org

#### MUSIC MINISTRY

**Ty Henderson,** Director of Music ty@mhr.org

#### PARISH OFFICE

Michael Poma, Business Manager mpoma@mhr.org Cristy Torres, Administrative Assistant office@mhr.org

#### Pastoral Council

Michael Kirkland Richard Levy Trudy Miller Cyndy Zimmer Shaan Bijwadia Marnie Pira

#### Marc Colelli, Chair Steve Adams Micaela Connery Stephen McCarthy John Solaegui Diane Trewin

FINANCE COUNCIL

#### LITURGY COMMITTEE

Ty Henderson, Chair Jacque Grillo

Pablo McLachlan Sr. Marilyn Morgan Curtis Murray



#### Jan 8 — Jan 15

Monday: Nm 6:22-27 Gal 4:4-7 Lk 2:16-21 Tuesday: 1 Jn 2:22-28 Jn 1:19-28 Wednesday: 1 Jn 2:29—3:6 Jn 1:29-34 Thursday: 1 Jn 3:7-10 Jn 1:35-42 Friday: 1 Jn 3:11-21 Jn 1:43-51 Saturday: 1 Jn 5:5-13 Mk 1:7-11 or Lk 3:23-38 Sunday: Is 60:1-6 Eph 3:2-3a, 5-6 Mt 2:1-12

#### MASS TIMES

Daily Mass: 8am (Mon ~ Fri) Saturday Vigil Mass: 5pm Sunday Masses: 8am, 10am & 6:30pm Holy Days: 8am & 7pm Reconciliation: Saturdays 3:45pm - 4:30pm (or by appointment)

#### THIS WEEK AT OUR PARISH

JAN 8 — JAN 15 Monday - Friday

Mass - 8am

#### **Wednesday**

Wednesday Night Suppers

#### **Saturday**

Vigil Mass - 5pm

#### <u>Sunday</u>

Masses: 8am, 10am & 6:30pm

Monday Parish Office Closed

Mass - 8am

Join us for Coffee Hour after the 8am & 10am Masses Livestream the 10am Sunday Mass www.mhr.org/livestream

#### Collection - Week of December 31, 2023

Saturday 5pm -	\$221.00
Sunday 8am -	\$215.00
Sunday 10am -	\$741.00
Sunday 6:30pm -	\$53.00
Misc	\$390.00
VANCO -	\$1,213.00
Total -	\$2,833.00
Budgeted -	\$4,200.00
SVDP -	\$1,110.00

Thank you for your generosity!







Our Mass celebrants will remember the following intentions during the celebration of the Eucharist:

#### <u>Saturday, January 6</u>

5pm

Sunday, January 7 8am Ana Maria Abarca & Adam Benitez 10am MHR Parish 6:30pm Monday, January 8 8am Tuesday, January 9 8am Wednesday, January 10 8am Wednesday Night Suppers Thursday, January 11

8am

Friday, January 12 8am Barbara Colleli † Saturday, January 13

5pm

To schedule a Mass Intention or sponsor the weekend altar flowers,

please call the parish office at 415-863-6259 or email office@mhr.org.









Ryan Zuniga, Maria Palma, Christian Irizary , Joshua Filho, Leigh Thorup-Murray and John Johnson

# (PRACTICING)

#### **Step Into the Light**

How strange it is to think that if not for Herod's directions, the magi would not have known where to find Jesus. They were not Jews, they knew nothing of the old prophecies. It was Herod who convened the scholars. It was Herod who pointed the way — for ulterior motives, certainly, but nonetheless, this is the part he played. It was Herod who made the Epiphany possible.

"Nations shall walk by your light, and kings by your shining radiance," writes the prophet (Isaiah 60:3). A king may keep to the shadows, suspicious of the light — he may foolishly imagine he can snatch it from the sky to keep as his own possession, and, upon finding the light cannot be governed, grow to loathe it, and even seek to extinguish it once and for all.

But all his grand designs will come to nothing because there is no king so powerful that he can see in the dark. And even a man like Herod — a man so jealous that he sought to kill God cannot prevent the breaking of day.

The Epiphany marks the manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles. It is a celebration of truth reaching places it was not expected to reach, of brightness illuminating corners of the world long ago consigned to shadow. It is a reminder that the battle has already been won, the night is over. All that remains is for us to decide: will we step into the light?

"See, darkness covers the earth, and thick clouds cover the peoples; but upon you the LORD shines, and over you appears his glory." — Isaiah 60:2

Colleen Jurkiewicz Dorman

#### Why do we do that? Catholic Life Explained

#### **Question:**

How are the feasts of the baptism of Jesus and the account of the wedding feast of Cana related to the Epiphany celebration?

#### **Answer:**

The Epiphany season focuses on revealing Jesus to the world. Following the Christmas celebration, the liturgical year lays out a series of manifestation points in which Jesus is made publicly known. From its very beginning, the Christian community highlighted three events in the life of Jesus. These are the Epiphany, the Baptism of the Lord and the wedding feast at Cana.

The Epiphany discloses Jesus to the world of the Gentiles, represented by the magi from the East. The accounts of Jesus' baptism reveal his identity and mission, along with exposing him to those to whom he was sent to minister. The miracle of turning water to wine at the wedding feast of Cana, unique to John's Gospel, is the first public sign that Jesus performs, thus manifesting his public identity and his powers.

Today in the Roman Church, these are usually celebrated on three successive Sundays: Epiphany, the Baptism of the Lord which is usually the next Sunday, and the wedding feast of Cana, which is proclaimed on the 2nd Sunday of Ordinary Time in lectionary year C.

These feasts connect around the concept of epiphany, public manifestation of Jesus to the world. They help us get to know more intimately who Jesus is and what he is about. Spend some time delving more deeply into your understanding of who Jesus is. Continue to cultivate these "epiphany" moments in your life.



Centering Prayer is meeting via Zoom on Monday evenings @ 7:00pm. Email centering@mhr.org for Zoom login details.

Bible Study on upcoming Sunday readings meets via Zoom on Tuesday evenings at 7pm. Email biblestudy@mhr.org for login and for more information.

Christian Healing Prayer Group: Please join us on the first Monday of each month at 2pm in the Library. Email markwbass@yahoo.com for information.



#### MOST HOLY REDEEMER HIV/AIDS SUPPORT GROUP

#### Volunteers Needed:

We are looking for volunteers to call, visit and/or help our people. If you are interested in volunteering, please contact Pete Toms at 415-612-0651 or email asg@mhr.org.



### Parish Office - CLOSED

Monday, January 15th



#### January 7, 2024 : The Epiphany of the Lord

The Gospels tell us that, in response to various circumstances, Jesus rejoiced, wept, demonstrated anger and was impatient with his disciples. Of all the divine estimations of earthly situations, irony might be the one that most saddens or delights God. Clearly, tragedy is worse: Catastrophes, wars, plagues . . . God is intensely present to the sufferers in all those events, even though, like Jesus on the cross, they often cry out, feeling abandoned. But the ironic things, the things that happen in the opposite way from the expected, can be the source of profound disappointment or delight. Matthew's story of the Magi is full of irony.

Matthew structured his Gospel so that everything would illumine Jesus' last command and final promise. After telling the disciples to spread the Gospel throughout the whole world, he promised, "Behold, I am with you, until the end of the age." Who knows from what sources Matthew drew his stories about Jesus' birth? Matthew wasn't about writing a history. When we study his stories, we realize that his narrative, although it's been embellished for

centuries, is surprisingly sparse. Even so, Matthew wants us to perceive something important in the events he describes. For Matthew, Joseph, a true son of Abraham, is the chief human actor in the events leading to Jesus' birth (the birth itself is mentioned only in passing). Matthew exhibits more interest in the star than in Mary and Jesus! The star, a symbol visible to the whole world, proclaimed that an extraordinary event had taken place — in obscurity. Who paid attention? Pagans, people who were not of the true faith of Israel. The Magi, practiced at their own kind of discernment, read the signs of the times and had enough humility and courageous curiosity to venture beyond their certainties.

Storytellers have led us to think we know the names of the people (Kings? Religious leaders? Intellectuals?) who visited Jesus in Bethlehem. In reality, the Magi could well have comprised a caravan of pilgrims who knew trade routes and studied the skies. (The number three refers to the gifts, not the travelers.) As diplomatic visitors, they presented themselves to the local people of rank, explaining their quest. When the Magi asked for the newborn king, Herod turned to the religious leaders to ask what the prophecies said about where the Christ was to be born. Illustrating John's statement that "he came to his own and his own knew him not," the leaders demonstrated that they could decipher prophecy while remaining immune to its message. Thus, pagan pilgrims replaced the scribes and priests who could have led the way to Emmanuel. What is Matthew telling us with these details? First, he's warning against religious certainty. Throughout the Gospels, Jesus' enemies are convinced that they have the whole truth and that Jesus is a heretic or worse. To God's grief, their certainty blinded them to the natural wonder of the star and the wisdom of their scriptures.

The Magi were seekers. They observed a sign and desired to understand what it meant. They displaced themselves, seeking something bigger than what they already knew. Although strangers to Israel, they acted more like Abraham than did his descendants who claimed to revere their wandering ancestor. The leaders exhibited no interest in following in Abraham's pilgrim footsteps toward a hope greater than anything he had known before. The Magi exemplified the poor in spirit, people open and inquisitive enough to discover a God bigger than their imagination — a God who would delight in their seeking and finding. Matthew tells on the leaders in Jerusalem to warn us against allowing dogma to close the door on growth in faith. He portrays the wandering Magi as guides to Emmanuel, God with us. Matthew encourages us to cultivate the humility and openness necessary to discover something bigger, deeper, more mysterious than our best teachings or wildest imaginings.

Ironic isn't it? Pagans following a star were open to the manifestation of the God of Israel while religious leaders disregarded all the signs they had at hand. Today's feast is called the Epiphany. "Epiphany" refers to a manifestation of God or an insight into the deep meaning of something. An epiphany is a happening, not an activity or decision. We may journey like the Magi seeking something, but epiphany is beyond our control. Epiphany happens to people willing to have their minds changed. Epiphany is an experience of grace; for those who will receive it, it is an experience of God with us until the end of the age.

For today's feast, in addition to singing "We Three Kings," we might imitate them and sing a humble mantra: "I wonder as I wander out under the sky." Ironically, wandering wonder is the recipe for being open to an epiphany.

### Be My Valentine 23

## See Cardies Jun Caising

Support Most Holy Redeemer & St. Vincent de Paul volunteers by purchasing See's Candies from our fundraising website before January 26.

Profits will support the ministry work!

See's. Famous Old Time CANDIES

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